

Dedal-CDL: Modeling First-class Architectural Changes in Dedal

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● Context

Architecture-centric component-based development needs a three-level ADL
Huaxi (Yulin) Zhang, Christelle Urtado, and Sylvain Vauttier
@ ECSA 2010

- Component-based software design by reuse
- The three level Dedal ADL

● Motivation : architecture evolution management

● Modeling changes

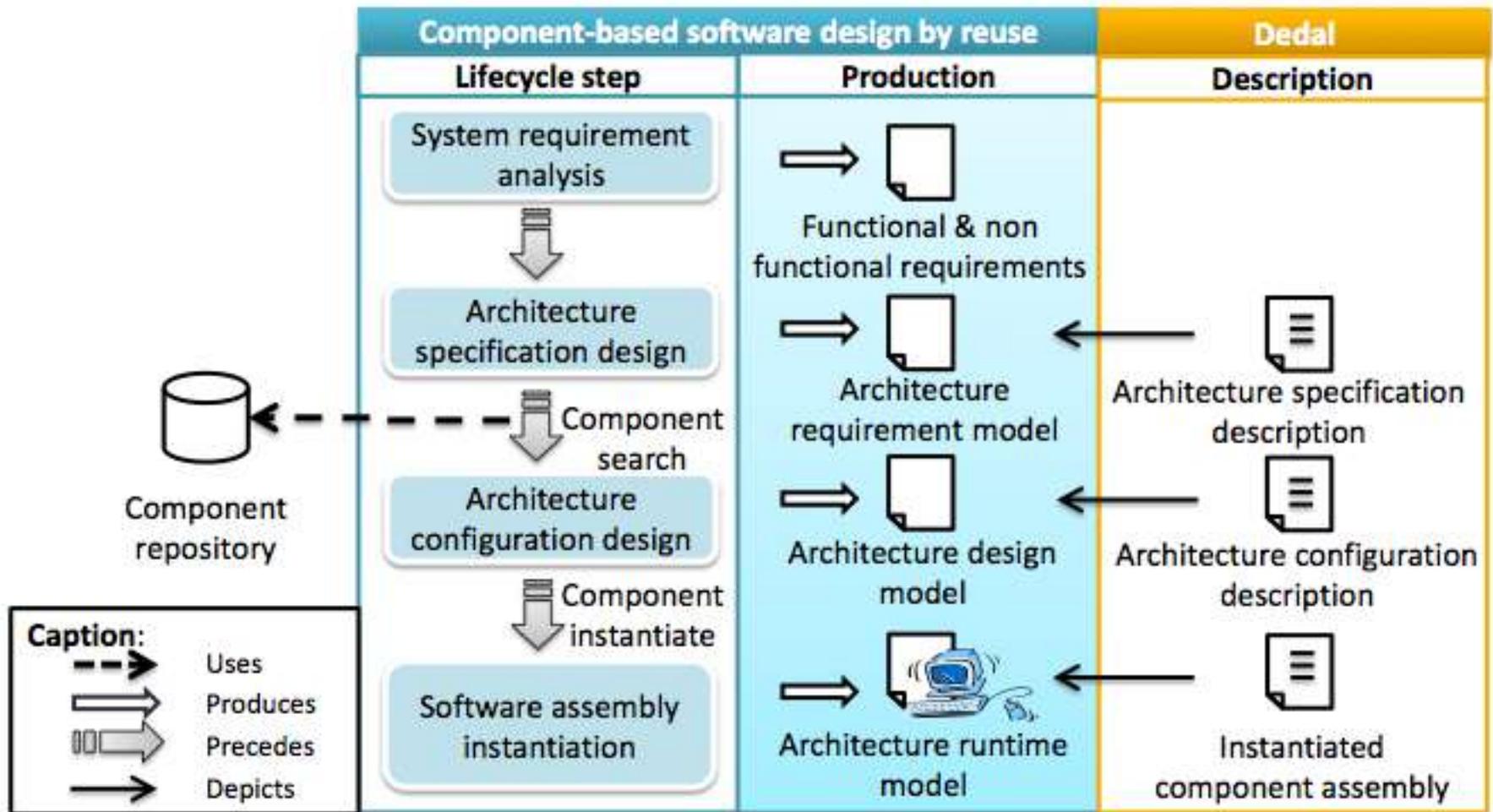
● Versioning architectures

● Comparison to state-of-the-art ADLs

● Conclusion and perspectives

Component-based software design by reuse

The Dedal three levels ADL



The three levels for component description in Dedal

Specification

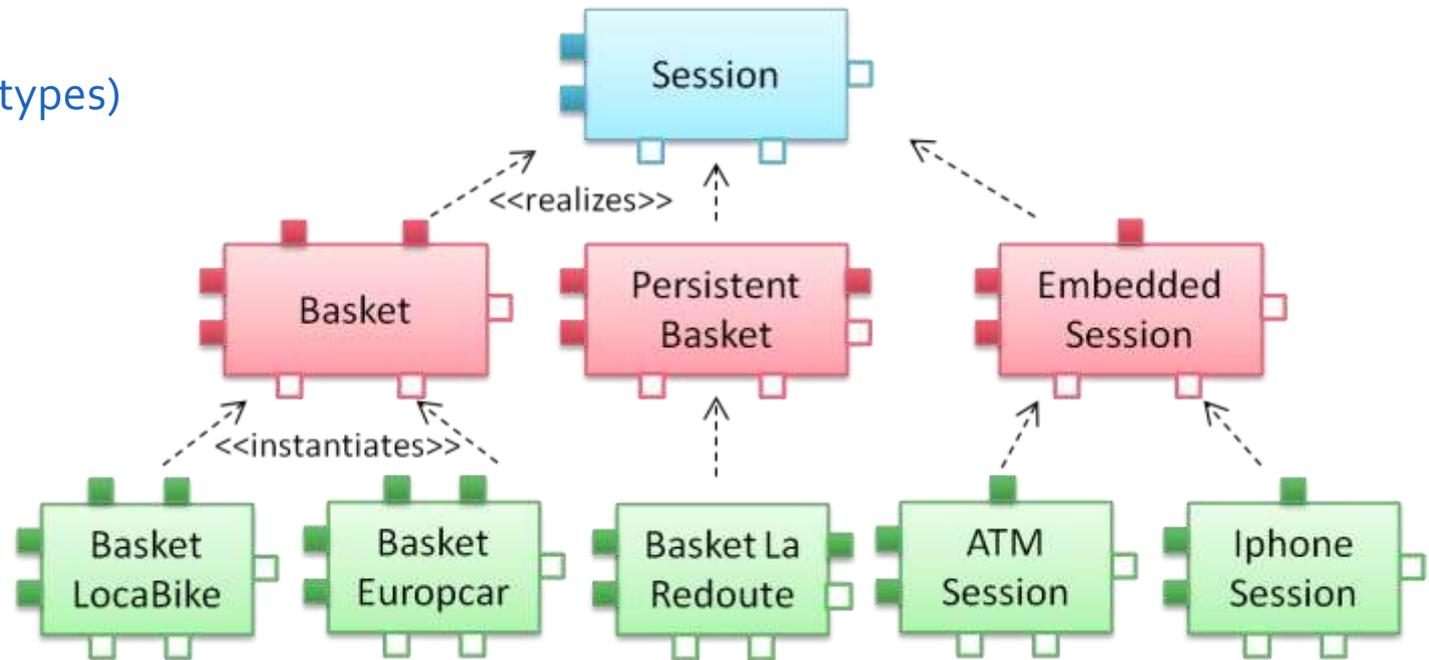
(abstract & partial types)

Configuration

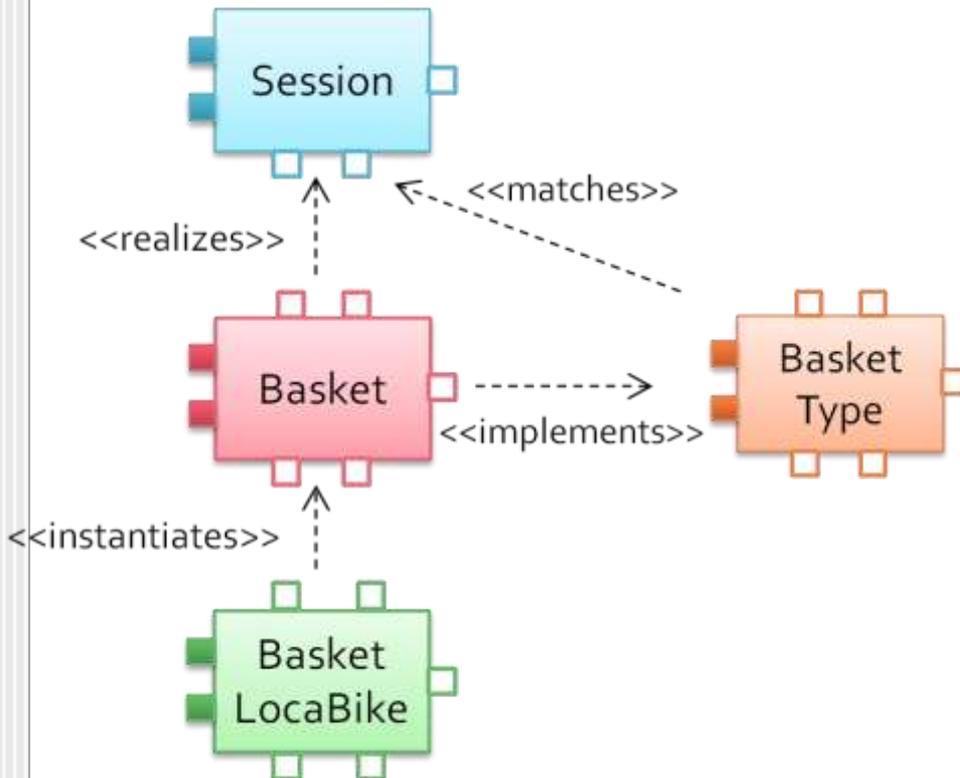
(concrete classes)

Assembly

(specific instances)



Insights on Dedal's syntax

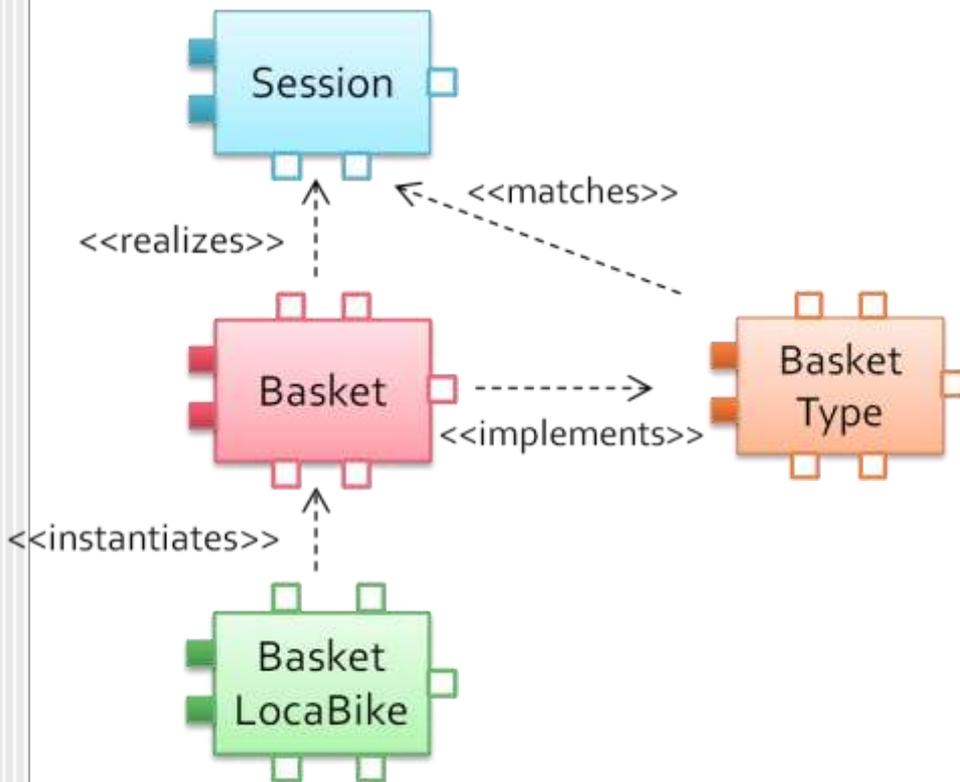


```
component_role Session  
required_interfaces BikeOprs; CourseOprs;  
                        AccountOprs  
provided_interfaces Account; Bike  
component_behavior . . .
```

```
component_type BasketType  
required_interfaces BikeOprs ; CourseOprs;  
                    AccountOprs; CampusOprs; AccessoryOprs  
provided_interfaces Account; Bike  
component_behavior . . .
```

```
component_class Basket  
implements BasketType  
content fr.ema.locabike.Basket  
attributes string company; string currency  
versionID 1.0
```

Insights on Dedal's syntax

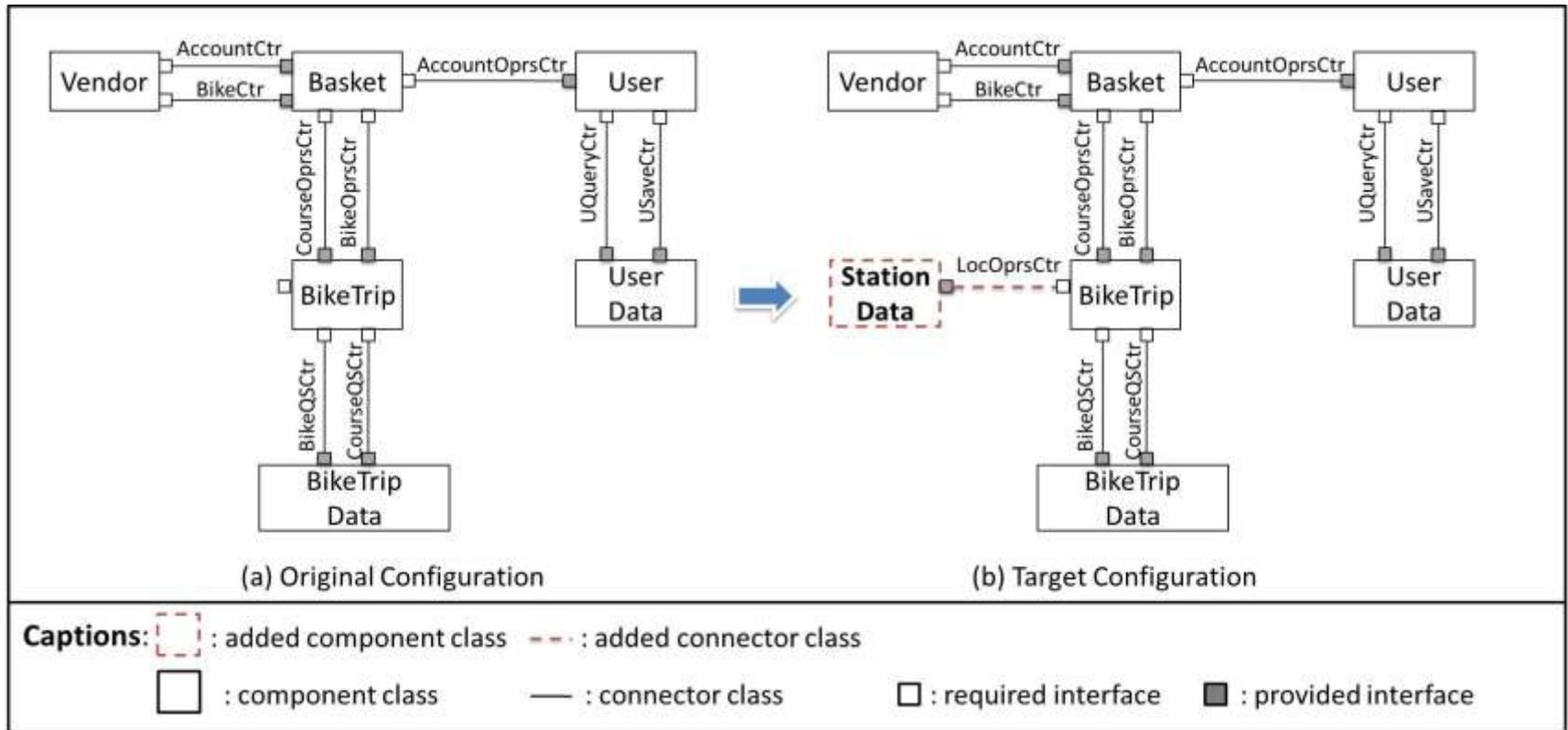


```
component_role Session
required_interfaces BikeOprs; CourseOprs;
                    AccountOprs
provided_interfaces Account; Bike
component_behavior . . .
```

```
component_class Basket
implements BasketType
content fr.ema.locaBike.Basket
attributes string company; string currency
versionID 1.0
```

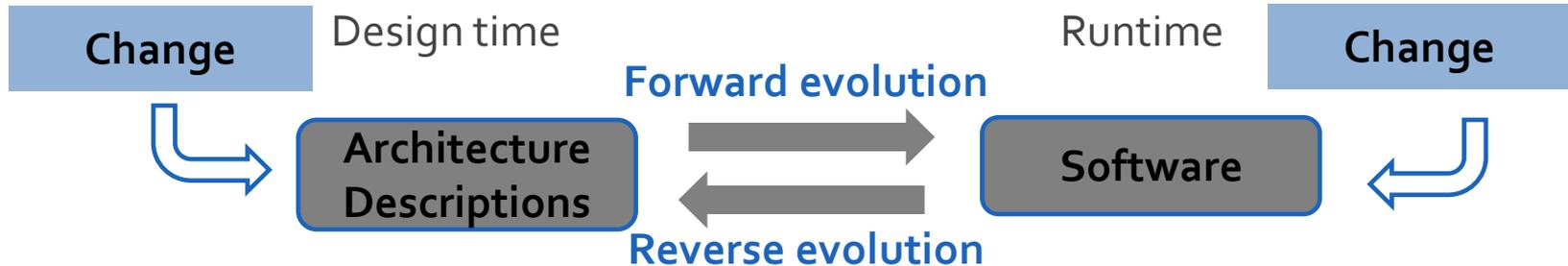
```
component_instance BasketLocaBike
instance_of Basket (1.0)
initiation_state company="LocaBike";
                 concurrency="euro"
```

Motivation : architecture evolution management 1/2



Motivation : architecture evolution management 2/2

- Changes can be **initiated elsewhere**.



- Avoid mismatches** : architecture pendency, architecture erosion and architecture drift.
- Change impact must be **propagated appropriately** to maintain all architecture descriptions and the software coherent at each time (co-evolution).
- Versioning** should be proposed to **track architectural changes** and soundly integrated with change management.

Proposal : model **changes as first class elements**.

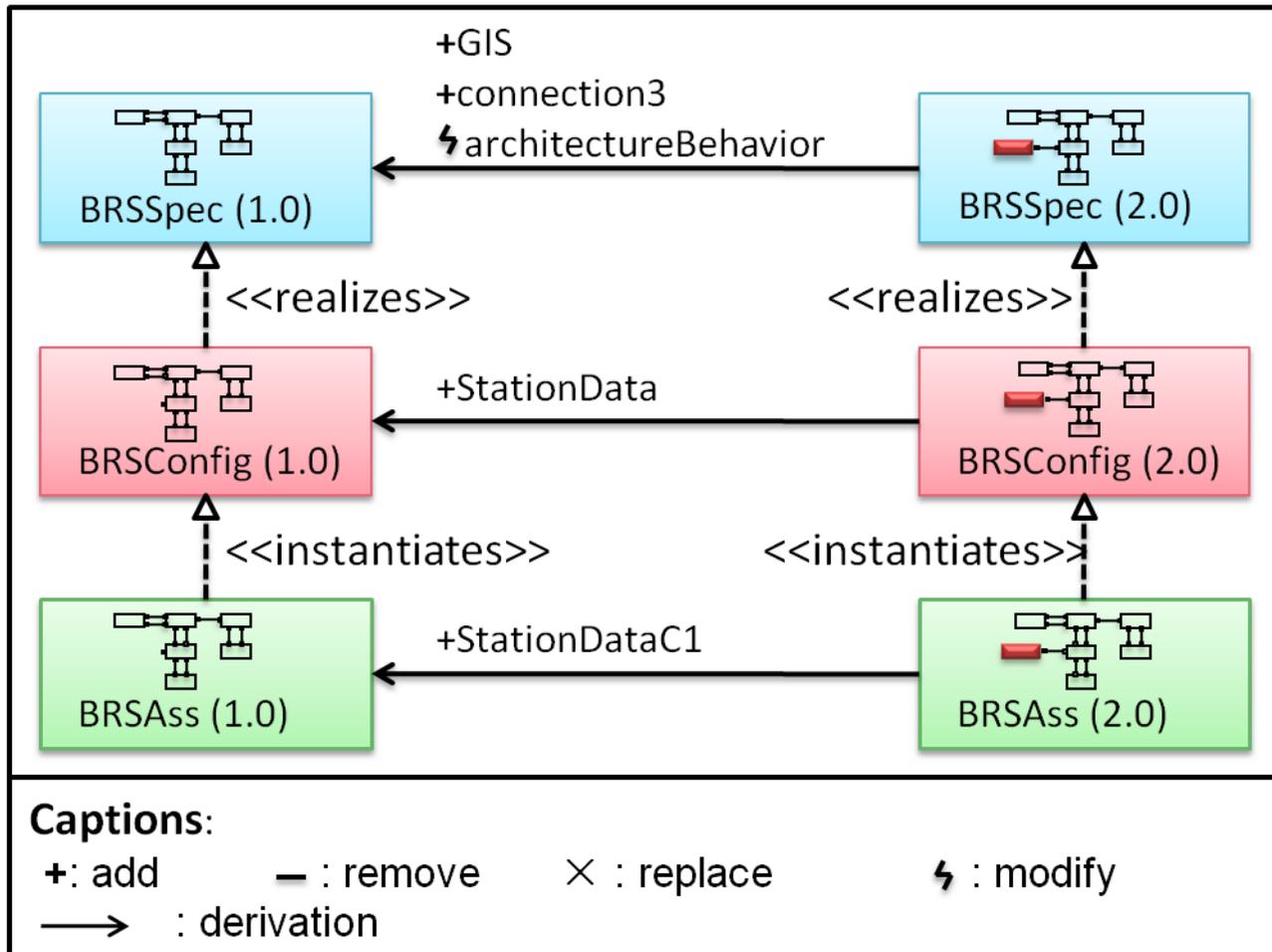
Modeling changes

Change characteristics and a Dedal-CDL change description example

Change Characteristics	Values
time of change	static, dynamic
anticipation	anticipated, unanticipated
affected level	specification, configuration, assembly
change operation	addition, removal, substitution, modification
subject of change	elements of architectures in three levels
change purpose	corrective, perfective, adaptive
nature of change	given, generated, propagated

change addition
time dynamic
anticipation unanticipated
level configuration
operation addition
subject component_class is StationData
purpose perfective
nature given

Versioning architecture descriptions



Comparison 1/2

Characteristics of change	C2	Darwin	Dynamic Wright	SOFA2.0
Time of change	Dynamic	Dynamic	Dynamic	Dynamic
Anticipation	Unanticipated	Anticipated, Unanticipated	Anticipated	Anticipated
Change type	Structural	Structural	Structural	Structural
Change purpose	—	—	—	—
Level of change	Configuration	Configuration	Configuration	Configuration
Change operation	Addition, removal	Addition, removal	Addition, removal	Addition, removal
Subject of change	Components, connectors, connections	Components, connections	Components, connections	Components, connections, interfaces of composite components
Version model	—	—	—	State-based

...

Characteristics of change	xADL2.0	MAE	Dedal
Time of change	Dynamic	Dynamic	Dynamic
Anticipation	Unanticipated	Unanticipated	Anticipated, Unanticipated
Change type	Structural	Semantical	Structural, Semantical
Change purpose	—	Perfective	Perfective, corrective
Level of change	Configuration	Configuration	Specification, configuration, assembly
Change operation	Addition, removal	Substitution	Addition, removal, substitution
Subject of change	Components, connectors, connections	Components	Components, connectors in three levels
Version model	—	Change-based	Change-based

● Contribution

- **Changes are first class**
 - described by the characteristics we found in state-of-the-art works
- **Architecture description / running software co-evolution principle is described**
 - consistency checking, change propagation, evolution test, versioning
- **Software prototype: (small) ad-hoc proof of concept**
 - over the Fractal component model

Conclusion : perspectives

● Further investigations

- Produce the change information (automatically / manually)
 - learn from / reuse previous changes
- Use the change information to adequately / rigorously manage change
 - formalization of relations among architecture descriptions (various semantics can be explored)
 - formalization of coherence maintenance rules (no more ad hoc implementation but transformations)

● Need for an improved state of the art

- deeper / more recent

● Develop an eclipse plugin

- Integration of the architectural change management tool to the system development tool for an improved control

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We welcome any suggestion.